

PLUNGER OF A SYRINGE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to plunger, and more particularly
5 to a plunger of a syringe.

2. Description of Related Art

A conventional plunger of a syringe in accordance with the
prior art shown in Fig. 3 is adapted to be slidably partially received in a
barrel of the syringe, and comprises a shaft (1) and a rubber bulb (2)
10 mounted to a first end of the shaft (1).

The shaft (1) includes a second end opposite to the first end
thereof and having a thumb rest (101) laterally extending from the
second end of the shaft (1). The shaft (1) includes a stopper (102)
radially extending from the first end of the shaft (1) and a stub (103)
15 longitudinally extending from the stopper (102). A flange (104)
radially extends from a distal end of the stub (103) and a connector
(105) centrally longitudinally extends from the distal end of the stub
(103). The stub (103) and the connector (105) are tapered and each has
a diameter gradually reduced relative to a free end of the connector
20 (105).

The rubber bulb (2) includes a tapered through hole (201)
centrally defined therein for receiving the stub (103) and partially
receiving the connector (105). An annular groove (202) is defined in

the rubber bulb (2) and laterally communicating with the tapered through hole (201) in the rubber bulb (2) for receiving the flange (104) of the plunger. The stopper (102) of the shaft (1) can prevent the first end of the shaft (1) from overly passing through the rubber bulb (2).

- 5 The rubber bulb (2) abuts against an inner periphery of the barrel (3) to provide an airtight effect between the plunger and the barrel (3) during operating.

However, the conventional plunger of a syringe in accordance with the prior art includes the following disadvantages.

- 10 1. The produce rate is low and the cost is expansive when the rubber bulb (2) is mounted to the first end of the shaft (1) by manpower.

2. The rubber bulb (2) may jumps off the shaft (1) during assembling because the diameter of the through hole (201) is smaller
15 than that of the flange (104).

The present invention has arisen to mitigate and/or obviate the disadvantages of the conventional plunger of the syringe.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- The main objective of the present invention is to provide an
20 improved plunger of a syringe, of which the shank and the rubber are securely connected to each other.

To achieve the objective, the plunger in accordance with the present invention comprises a shank partially movably received in a

barrel of the syringe. The shank includes a first end having a thumb rest radially extending therefrom and a second end having a stub longitudinally extending from the shank. The stub includes a stopper radially extending therefrom and a mushroom-shaped connector
5 formed on a distal end of the stub. At least one annular flange radially extends from the stub between the stopper and the mushroom-shaped connector. A rubber bulb is securely longitudinally mounted to the stub, abuts the stopper and fully contains the at least one annular flange and the mushroom-shaped connector. The rubber bulb is previously formed
10 and connected with the shank when inject molding the shank.

Further benefits and advantages of the present invention will become apparent after a careful reading of the detailed description with appropriate reference to the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

15 Fig. 1 is a perspective view in partial cross-section of a plunger of a syringe in accordance with the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a side plan view in partial cross-section of the plunger in Fig. 1; and

Fig. 3 is an exploded perspective view of a conventional
20 plunger of a syringe in accordance with the prior art.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to the drawings and initially to Figs. 1 and 2, a plunger of a syringe in accordance with the present invention

comprises a shank (10) adapted to be movably received in a barrel (20) of the syringe. The shank (10) includes a first end having a thumb rest (111) formed on a first end thereof for user to easily operate the plunger and a stub (113) centrally longitudinally extending from a
5 second end of the shank (10). A mushroom-shaped connector (116) is formed on a distal end of the stub (113) for connecting to and backward pulling the needle of the syringe after syringing to achieve a purpose of safety. A stopper (115) radially extends from the stub (113) and at least one annular flange (114) radially extends from the stub
10 (113) between the mushroom-shaped connector (116) and the stopper (115). In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the shank (10) includes two annular flanges (114), as shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

A rubber bulb (12) is securely mounted to the second end of the shank (10) of the plunger in accordance with the present invention. The
15 rubber bulb (12) is previously formed and corresponding to the shape of the annular flanges (114), the stub (113) and the mushroom-shaped connector (116). The rubber bulb (12) is previously positioned in a mold that molding the plunger of the present invention. Consequently, the rubber bulb (12) fully contains the stub (113), the annular flange
20 (114) and the mushroom-shaped connector (116). The stopper (115) can prevent the rubber bulb (12) from being backward moved during operating and the annular flange provides a good connection between the shank (10) and the rubber bulb (12).

As described above, the plunger of a syringe in accordance with the present invention has several advantages as follow.

1. The rubber bulb (12) is securely connected to the shank (10) when molding the shank (10) of the plunger. Consequently, the manual assembling process of the rubber bulb (12) is unnecessary to the present invention.

2. The manufacturing cost is reduced because the manufacturer does not need to prepare a machine for assembling the shank (10) of the plunger and the rubber bulb (12).

3. The mushroom-shaped connector (116) is coated by the rubber bulb (12) such that the mushroom-shaped connector (116) can be easily inserted into the needle of the syringe due to the material characteristic of the rubber bulb (12) and backward pulled the needle into the barrel (20) after syringing.

Although the invention has been explained in relation to its preferred embodiment, it is to be understood that many other possible modifications and variations can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as hereinafter claimed.